

## GRAMMAR

### PAST SIMPLE TENSE

I. Escriba el PAST SIMPLE de los siguientes verbos:

1. Take took .

2. Go went .

3. Feel felt .

4. Eat ate .

5. Write wrote .

6. Buy bought .

7. Find found .

8. Give gave .

9. Think thought .

10. Read read .

11. Have had .

12. Hear heard .

II. Complete las frases usando el **PAST SIMPLE** de cada uno de los siguientes verbos:

happen	stay	watch	clean	decide	learn
cook	finish	like	stop	open	play

1. The accident **happened** at 10 o'clock.
2. I don't eat cakes, but I **liked** the cake you made very much.
3. The shop **opened** at 9:30 in the morning and closed at 5:00.
4. John **decided** to go to the theatre on Saturday.
5. The programme wasn't very interesting but I **watched** it.
6. Susan **finished** her work and went home.
7. The children **learned** French at school last year.
8. We **played** tennis and I won the match.
9. She **cooked** dinner for her friend last night.
10. The train **stopped** at the station and I got off.
11. My friend **stayed** with me for two weeks.
12. I **cleaned** the car yesterday morning. It was very dirty.

III. Escriba diez frases contándonos qué fue lo que hizo ayer o lo qué ocurrió.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ .
2. \_\_\_\_\_ .
3. \_\_\_\_\_ .
4. \_\_\_\_\_ .
5. \_\_\_\_\_ .
6. \_\_\_\_\_ .
7. \_\_\_\_\_ .
8. \_\_\_\_\_ .
9. \_\_\_\_\_ .
10. \_\_\_\_\_ .

IV. Complete las siguientes frases poniendo el verbo en su forma negativa.

1. I saw John but I **didn't see** Susan.
2. They learned French but they **didn't learn** English.
3. We made a cake for Jane but we **didn't make** a cake for you.
4. He went to the bank but he **didn't go** to the station.



VIII. Ponga el verbo en la forma correcta del **PAST SIMPLE** (afirmativa, negativa o interrogativa).

1. How **did you make** (you / make) the cake?
2. She **didn't watch** \_\_\_\_\_ (not / watch) the television yesterday.
3. **Did he find** \_\_\_\_\_ (he / find) his keys yesterday?
4. I **didn't buy** \_\_\_\_\_ (not / buy) the dress. It **was** \_\_\_\_\_ (is) very expensive.
5. He **watched** \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) the film, but he **didn't like** \_\_\_\_\_ (not / like) it.

IX. Escriba preguntas usando **who / what / how / why**, etc.

1. He left the house. What time **did he leave** the house?
2. We ate breakfast. What **did you eat** for breakfast?
3. I saw somebody. Who **did you see** \_\_\_\_\_ ?
4. I went to London on holiday. How **did you go** \_\_\_\_\_ to London?
5. John arrived home very late. Why **did he arrive** \_\_\_\_\_ very late?

**WAS / WERE (TO BE - SIMPLE PAST)**




I. Utilice **am / is / are / was / were** para completar las siguientes frases:

1. Yesterday John was at work, but today he is at home.
2. The shops are open on Saturday mornings.
3. The shoes are very expensive.
4. I am very tired. I'm going to bed.
5. Why was he angry with you last night?
6. Where is Susan? I don't know. She was in her bedroom five minutes ago.
7. John is twenty years old. I am only seventeen.
8. They were in France last week.
9. Are you angry with her?

II. Utilice **was / wasn't / were / weren't** para completar las siguientes frases:

1. The weather was very hot yesterday.
2. Was the film interesting?
3. The children weren't at school yesterday. They were ill.
4. I didn't buy the dress. It wasn't expensive, but I didn't like it.

III. Where were these people yesterday?

Peter	Sue and Jack	Sue
		
Restaurant	Cinema	Party

1. Peter was in a restaurant.
2. Sue and Jack were at the cinema .
3. Sue was at a party .
4. Where were you yesterday? I \_\_\_\_\_ .

IV. Escriba preguntas relacionadas con las siguientes frases:

1. I watched the film last night. (Interesting) Was it interesting?
2. I read an English book yesterday. (Difficult?) Was it difficult? .
3. I visited France last summer. (Expensive?) Was it expensive? .
4. I made a cake. (Good?) Was it good? .

**LIST OF IRREGULAR VERBS**

INFINITIVO	PAST SIMPLE	PAST PARTICIPLE
be (se / estar)	<b>was / were</b>	<b>been</b>
beat (batir)	<b>beat</b>	<b>beaten</b>
become (volverse)	<b>became</b>	<b>become</b>
begin (empezar)	<b>began</b>	<b>begun</b>
bite (morder)	<b>bit</b>	<b>bitten</b>
blow (soplar)	<b>blew</b>	<b>blown</b>
break (romper)	<b>broke</b>	<b>broken</b>
bring (traer)	<b>brought</b>	<b>brought</b>
build (construir)	<b>built</b>	<b>built</b>
buy (comprar)	<b>bought</b>	<b>bought</b>
catch (coger)	<b>caught</b>	<b>caught</b>
choose (escoger)	<b>chose</b>	<b>chosen</b>
come (venir)	<b>came</b>	<b>come</b>
cost (costar)	<b>cost</b>	<b>cost</b>
cut (cortar)	<b>cut</b>	<b>cut</b>
do (hacer)	<b>did</b>	<b>done</b>
draw (dibujar)	<b>drew</b>	<b>drawn</b>
drink (beber)	<b>drank</b>	<b>drunk</b>
drive (conducir)	<b>drove</b>	<b>driven</b>
eat (comer)	<b>ate</b>	<b>eaten</b>
fall (caer)	<b>fell</b>	<b>fallen</b>
feel (sentir)	<b>felt</b>	<b>felt</b>
fight (luchar)	<b>fought</b>	<b>fought</b>
find (encontrar)	<b>found</b>	<b>found</b>
fly (volar)	<b>flew</b>	<b>flown</b>
forget (olvidar)	<b>forgot</b>	<b>forgotten</b>
get	<b>got</b>	<b>got</b>
give (dar)	<b>gave</b>	<b>given</b>
go (ir)	<b>went</b>	<b>gone</b>
grow (crecer)	<b>grew</b>	<b>grown</b>
hang (colgar)	<b>hung</b>	<b>hung</b>
have (tener)	<b>had</b>	<b>had</b>
hear (oír)	<b>heard</b>	<b>heard</b>
hide (esconder)	<b>hid</b>	<b>hidden</b>
hit (golpear)	<b>hit</b>	<b>hit</b>
hold (sujetar)	<b>held</b>	<b>held</b>
hurt (herir)	<b>hurt</b>	<b>hurt</b>
keep (mantener)	<b>kept</b>	<b>kept</b>
know (saber/conocer)	<b>knew</b>	<b>known</b>



leave (dejar / irse)	<b>left</b>	<b>left</b>
lend (prestar)	<b>lent</b>	<b>lent</b>
let (dejar / permitir)	<b>let</b>	<b>let</b>
lie (tumbarse)	<b>lay</b>	<b>lain</b>
light (encender)	<b>lit</b>	<b>lit</b>
lose (perder)	<b>lost</b>	<b>lost</b>
make (hacer)	<b>made</b>	<b>made</b>
mean (significar)	<b>meant</b>	<b>meant</b>
meet (encontrar)	<b>met</b>	<b>met</b>
pay (pagar)	<b>paid</b>	<b>paid</b>
put (poner)	<b>put</b>	<b>put</b>
read (leer)	<b>read</b>	<b>read</b>
ride (montar)	<b>rode</b>	<b>ridden</b>
ring (sonar / telefonar)	<b>rang</b>	<b>rung</b>
rise (levantar)	<b>rose</b>	<b>risen</b>
run (correr)	<b>ran</b>	<b>run</b>
say (decir)	<b>said</b>	<b>said</b>
see (ver)	<b>saw</b>	<b>seen</b>
sell (vender)	<b>sold</b>	<b>sold</b>
send (enviar)	<b>sent</b>	<b>sent</b>
shine (brillar)	<b>shone</b>	<b>shone</b>
shoot (disparar)	<b>shot</b>	<b>shot</b>
show (mostrar)	<b>showed</b>	<b>shown</b>
shut (cerrar)	<b>shut</b>	<b>shut</b>
sing (cantar)	<b>sang</b>	<b>sung</b>
sit (sentarse)	<b>sat</b>	<b>sat</b>
sleep (dormir)	<b>slept</b>	<b>slept</b>
speak (hablar)	<b>spoke</b>	<b>spoken</b>
spend (gastar / pasar)	<b>spent</b>	<b>spent</b>
stand (estar de pie)	<b>stood</b>	<b>stood</b>
steal (robar)	<b>stole</b>	<b>stolen</b>
swim (nadar)	<b>swam</b>	<b>swum</b>
take (tomar / llevar)	<b>took</b>	<b>taken</b>
teach (enseñar)	<b>taught</b>	<b>taught</b>
tear (rasgar)	<b>tore</b>	<b>torn</b>
tell (decir)	<b>told</b>	<b>told</b>
think (pensar)	<b>thought</b>	<b>thought</b>
throw (tirar)	<b>threw</b>	<b>thrown</b>
understand (entender)	<b>understood</b>	<b>understood</b>

wake (despertar)	<b>woke</b>	<b>woken</b>
wear (llevar puesto)	<b>wore</b>	<b>worn</b>
win (ganar)	<b>won</b>	<b>won</b>
write (escribir)	<b>wrote</b>	<b>written</b>

Estos verbos pueden ser regulares (-ed) o irregulares (-t):

INFINITIVO	PAST SIMPLE / PAST PARTICIPLE
burn (arder)	<b>burned o burnt</b>
learn (aprender)	<b>learned o learnt</b>
dream (soñar)	<b>dreamed o dreamt</b>
smell (oler)	<b>smelled o smelt</b>

## PAST CONTINUOUS

Complete the questions. Use **was/were – ing**. Use **what/why/where** if necessary.

1. (you/live) Where were you living in 1990?
2. (you/do) What were you doing at at 2 o'clock?
3. (it/rain) Was it raining when you got up?
4. (Ann/drive) Why was Ann driving so fast?
5. (Tim/wear) Was Tim wearing a suit yesterday?



1. (She/wear) She was wearing a dress last night.



2. (Carol/play) Carol was playing the guitar in the concert?



3. (Bob/read) Was Bob reading a newspaper?



4. (Alison/go) Where was Alison going when John met her?



5. (it/rain) Was it raining this morning?



6. (you do) What were you doing at 2 o'clock?

**SOME & ANY**

Put in **some** or **any**.

1. I bought some cheese but I didn't buy any bread.
2. I'm going to the post office. I need some stamps.
3. There aren't any shops in this part of town.
4. George and Alice haven't got any children.
5. Have you got any brothers or sisters?
6. There are some beautiful flowers in the garden.
7. Do you know any good hotels in London?
8. "Would you like some tea?"
9. When we were on holiday, we visited some very interesting places.
10. Don't buy any rice. We don't need any
11. I went out to buy some milk but they didn't have any in the shop.
12. I'm thirsty. Can I have some water, please?

Complete the sentences. Use *some* or *any* + one of these words:

air            cheese        help            letters        photographs  
batteries    friends        languages    milk        shampoo

1. I want to wash my hair. Is there any shampoo ?
2. This evening I'm going to write some letters
3. I haven't got my camera, so I can't take any photographs
4. Do you speak any foreign languages ?
5. Yesterday evening I went to a restaurant with some friends of mine.
6. Can I have some milk in my coffee, please?
7. The radio isn't working. There aren't any batteries in it.
8. It's hot in this office. I'm going out for some fresh air
9. "Would you like some cheese ?" "No thank you. I've had enough to eat."
10. I can do this job alone. I don't need any help

Put in **something/somebody/anything/anybody**

1. She said **something** to me but I didn't understand it.
2. "What's wrong?" "There's **something** in my eye"
3. Do you know **anything** about economics?
4. I went to the shop but I didn't buy **anything**
5. **Somebody** has broken the window. I don't know who.
6. There isn't **anything** in the bag. It's empty.
7. I'm looking for my keys. Has **anybody** seen them?
8. Would you like **something** to drink?
9. I didn't eat **anything** because I wasn't hungry.
10. This is a secret. Please don't tell **anybody**